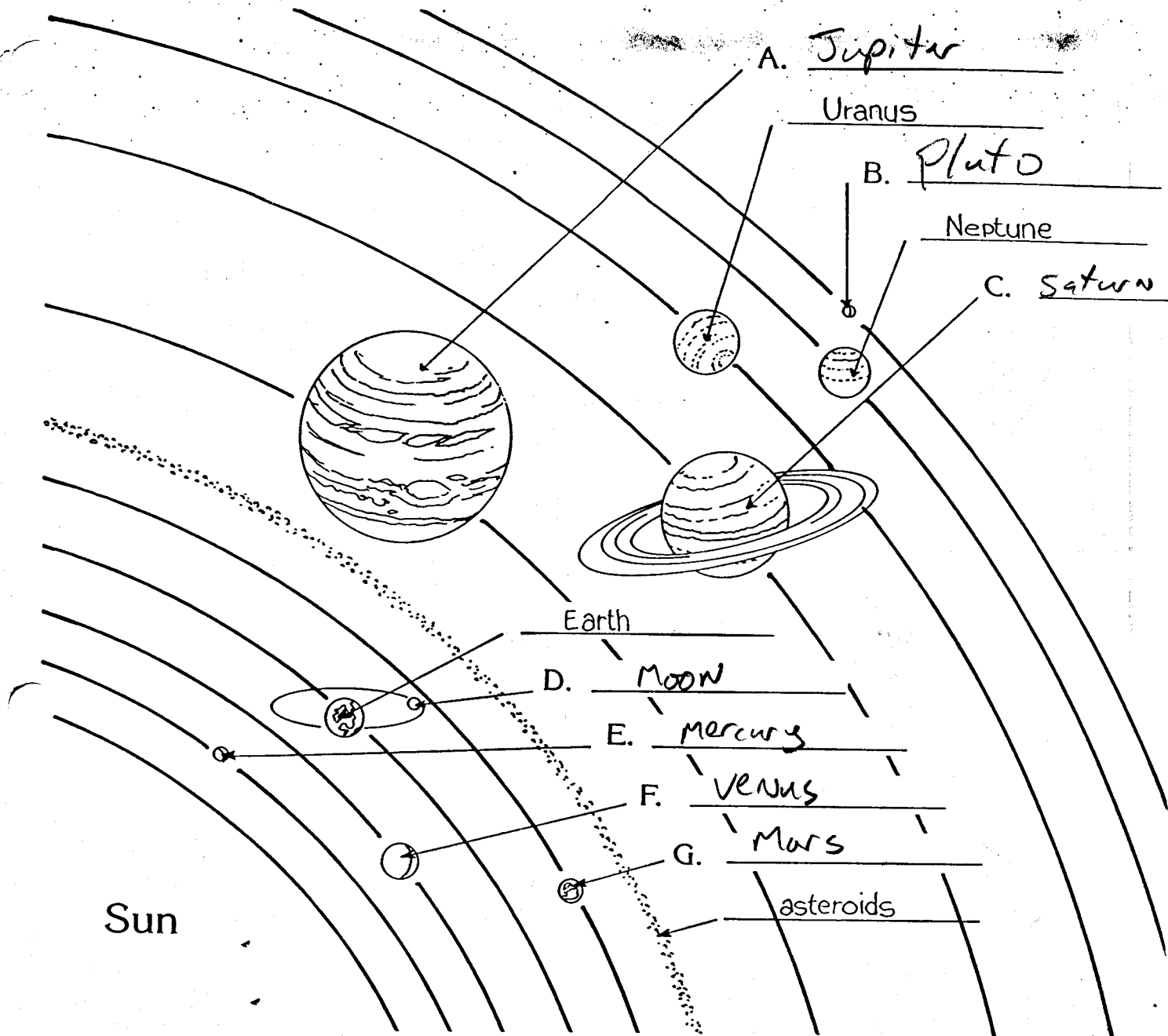


Our Solar System - Read Section 4.5

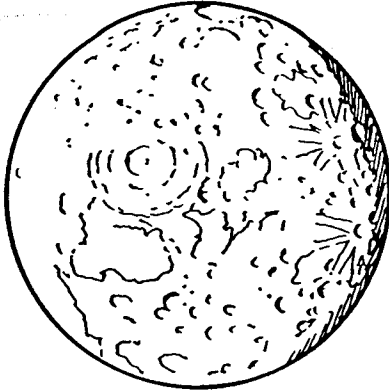


Identify and label above.

1. the ringed planet Saturn
2. the Earth's nearest natural satellite MOON
3. the farthest planet from the sun Pluto
4. the two planets between which the belt of asteroids orbit Mars, Jupiter
5. Earth's nearest neighbors—Mars and Venus
6. the planet with the smallest orbit around the sun MERCURY

Mercury and Venus

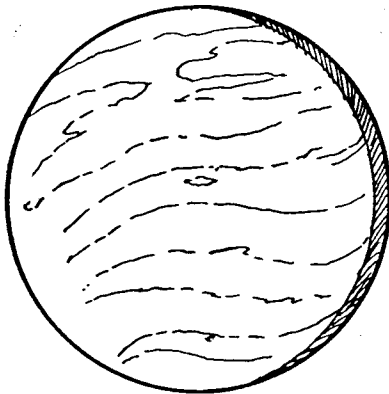
Mercury



harsh landscape; no air or water; no natural satellites

Distance from sun: 59 million km
Diameter: 4,878 km
Revolution time: 88 days
Rotation: 59 days
Surface temperatures: 400°C on day side to -180°C on night side

Venus



harsh landscape; heavy cloud cover; strong surface winds; seen in phases; referred to as a "star"; no natural satellites

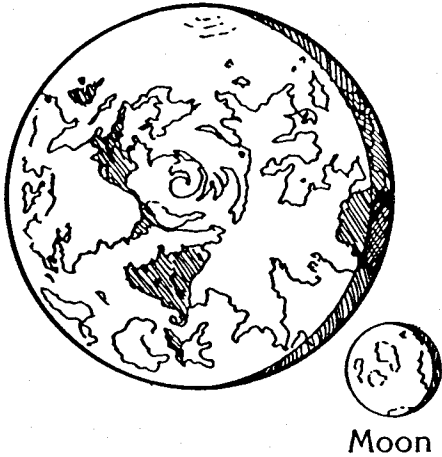
Distance from sun: 108 million km
Diameter: 12,100 km
Revolution time: 225 days
Rotation: 243 days
Surface temperature: 470°C

Is it Mercury or Venus? Write your answer in the space.

- M 1. often hidden in the sun's glare
- ✓ 2. sometimes called the "morning star" or "evening star"
- M 3. has a wide range in temperature on its surface
- ✓ 4. rotates in opposite direction
- ✓ 5. except for the sun and moon, the brightest object in the sky
- M 6. has very long periods of day and night due to rotation time

Earth and Mars

Earth



one-fourth of surface covered by land, three-fourths by water; atmosphere mostly of nitrogen and oxygen; supports intelligent life; one natural satellite

Distance from sun: 150 million km
 Diameter: 12,756 km
 Revolution time: 365 1/4 days
 Rotation: 23.93 hours
 Surface temperature: varies, averages around 15°C

Mars



varied surface conditions—deserts, craters, valleys, volcanoes, great dust storms, polar ice caps; thinner atmosphere than Earth; two natural satellites

Distance from sun: 228 million km
 Diameter: 6,787 km
 Revolution time: 687 days
 Rotation: 24.65 hours
 Surface temperature: -120 to 30°C

one of two moons

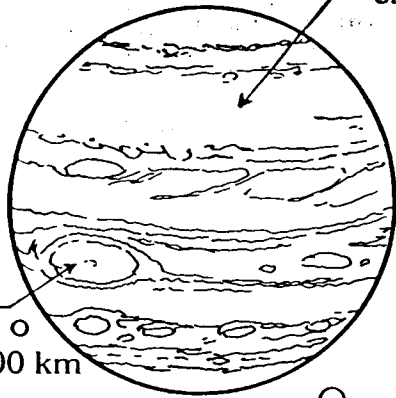
Is it Earth or Mars? Write your answer in the space.

- E 1. Revolution and rotation cause this planet to have four different seasons within 52 weeks.
- M 2. Tremendous dust storms frequently rage across the surface of this planet.
- M 3. Phobos and Deimos are its natural satellites.
- E 4. Most of this planet is covered with water.
- E 5. It is the third planet in distance from the sun.
- M 6. Its polar ice caps grow in size during the winter and shrink in the summer.

Jupiter and Saturn

Jupiter

at least 16 moons



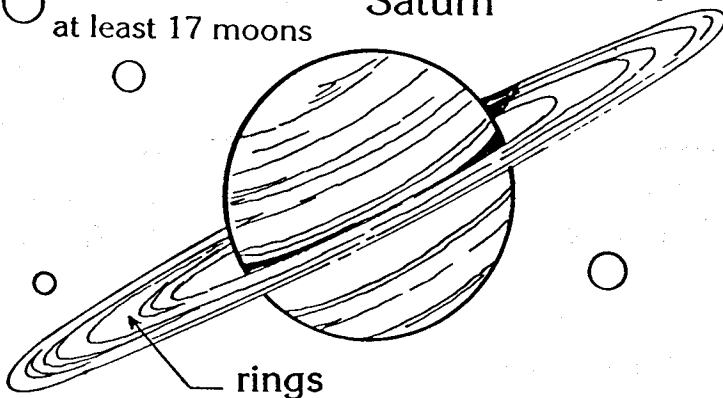
Great Red Spot
length: 38,000 km
width: 10,000 km

shifting belts of gaseous clouds

Distance from sun: 778 million km
Diameter at equator: 142,800
Revolution time: 11.86 years
Rotation: 9.8 hours
Atmosphere temperature: -160°C

Saturn

at least 17 moons



rings

probably made of fine rocks or ice particles

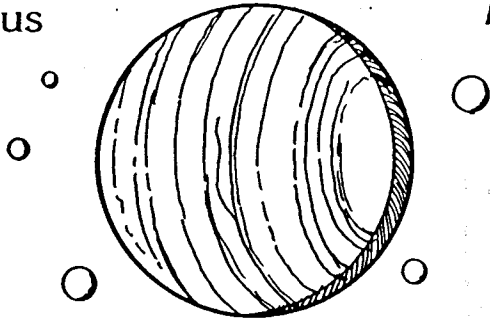
Distance from sun: 1.5 billion km
Diameter at equator: 120,400 km
Revolution time: 30 years
Rotation: 10.6 hours
Atmosphere temperature: -180°C

1. What gives Jupiter its banded appearance? cloud belts
2. Why could a spacecraft fly through the rings of Saturn? mostly empty space
3. Why are the atmosphere temperatures of these two planets so cold? no atmosphere, far away
4. How does the length of the Great Red Spot compare with the diameter of Jupiter? ~ 1/4 diameter
5. How much farther from the sun is the planet Saturn than planet Earth? 10x farther
6. How does the time of rotation of Jupiter and Saturn compare with that of Earth? 1/2 time of earth

Far Distant Planets: Uranus, Neptune, and Pluto

has greenish color with narrow rings; thick atmosphere of gases; rotates on horizontal axis of about 98° from perpendicular; five natural satellites

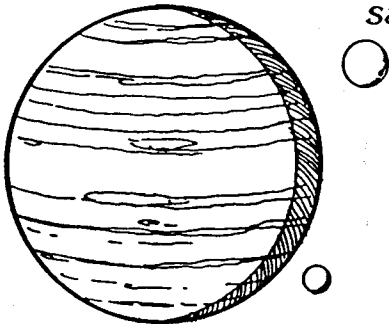
Uranus



Distance from sun: 2.9 billion km
 Diameter: 51,800 km
 Revolution time: 84 years
 Rotation: about 17.3 hours
 Atmosphere temperature: -210 °C

has greenish color; thick atmosphere of gases; "twin of Uranus"; two natural satellites

Neptune



Distance from sun: 4.5 billion km
 Diameter: 48,600 km
 Revolution time: 165 years
 Rotation: 15.7 hours
 Atmosphere temperature: -220 °C

most recently discovered planet in solar system (1930); least known planet; one natural satellite

Pluto



Distance from sun: 5.9 billion km
 Diameter: 3,000 (?) km
 Revolution time: 248 years
 Rotation: 6.7 days
 Surface temperature: -220 °C

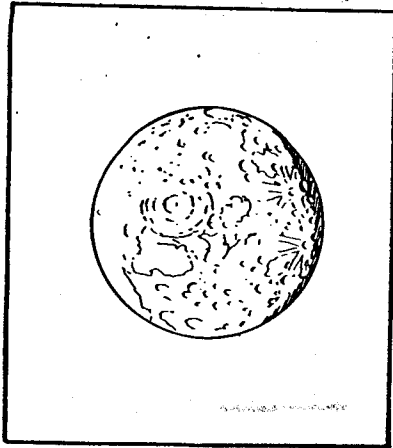
Is it Uranus, Neptune, or Pluto? Write your answer in the space.

- P 1. the smallest planet in the solar system
- U 2. both poles take a turn facing the sun during its 84-year revolution
- P 3. the most recent planet to be discovered
- N 4. the eighth planet from the sun in the solar system
- U 5. a gaseous planet with narrow rings about 3,030,000,000 km from Pluto
- N 6. a greenish-colored planet with two natural satellites

A Last Look—Part II

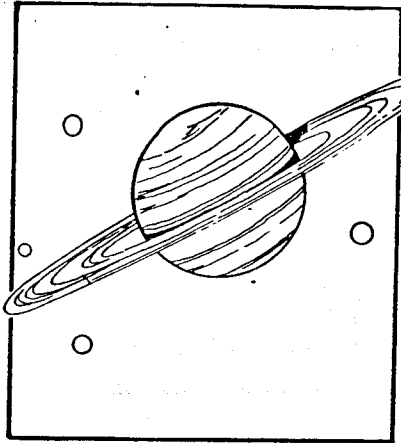
On line a, name the planet shown.

On line b, write its order of distance from the sun.



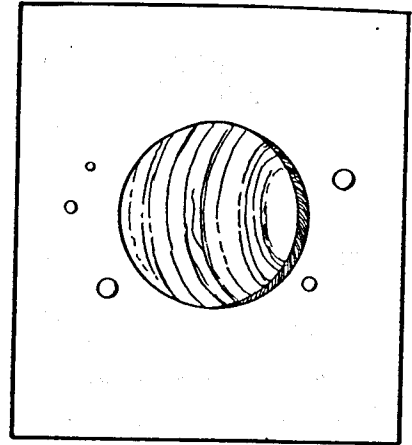
1. a. Mercury

b. 1



2. a. Saturn

b. 6



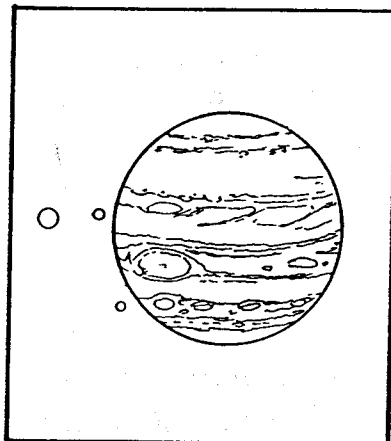
3. a. Uranus

b. 7



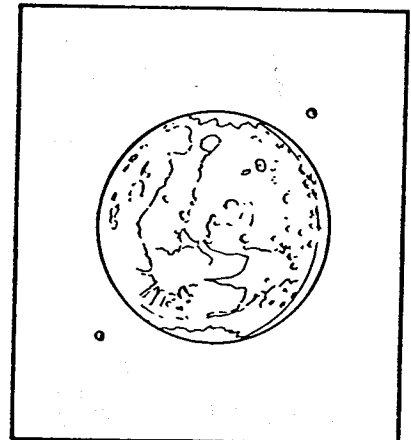
4. a. Earth

b. 3



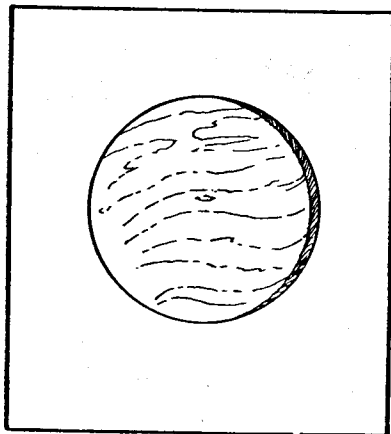
5. a. Jupiter

b. 5



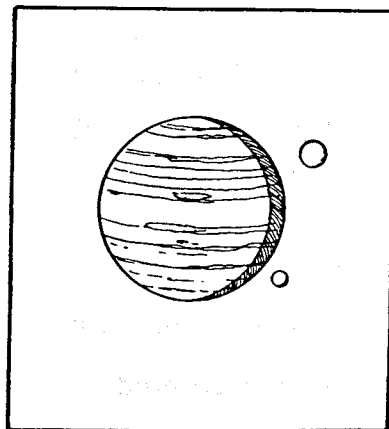
6. a. Mars

b. 4



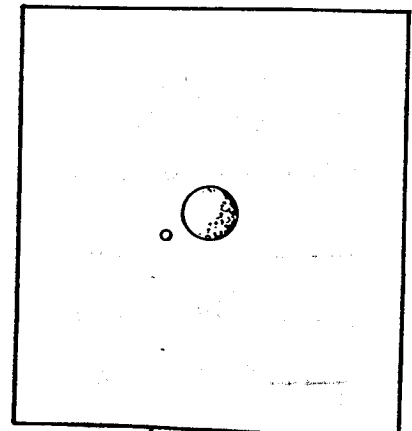
7. a. Venus

b. 2



8. a. Neptune

b. 8



9. a. Pluto

b. 9